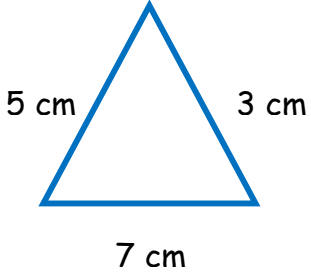




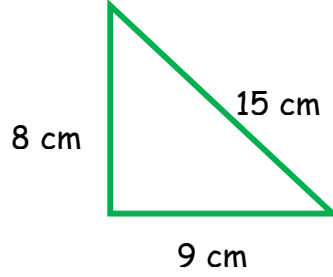
ÜÇGENİN ÇEVRESİNİ ÖLÇME

- Üçgenin çevresini verilen üç kenar uzunluğunu toplayarak buluruz.



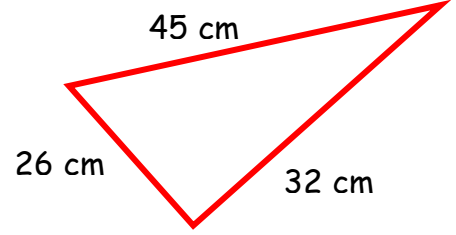
$$\zeta = 5 + 3 + 7$$

$$\zeta = 15 \text{ cm}$$



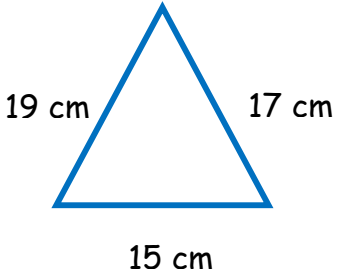
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



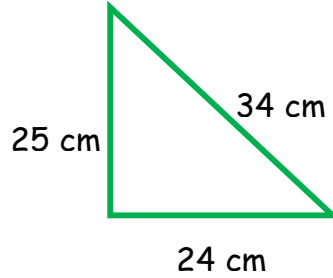
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



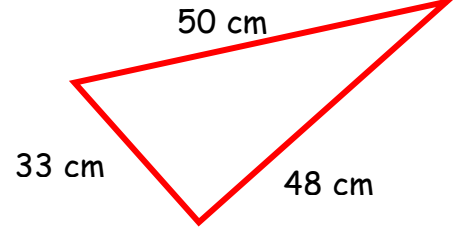
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



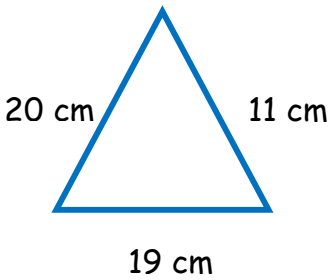
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



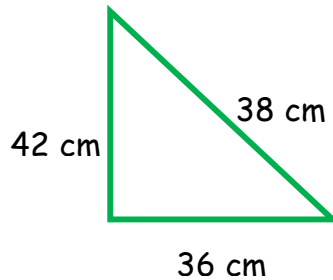
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



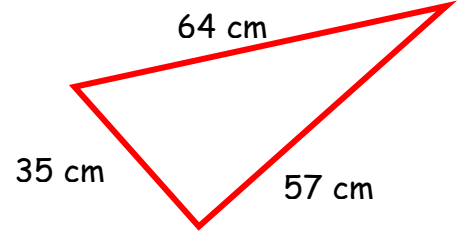
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$

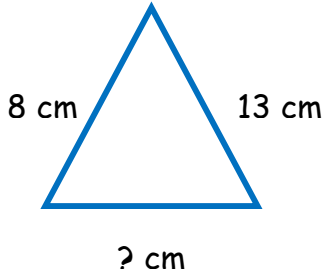
$$\zeta = \dots\dots\dots$$



- Çevre uzunlu ve iki kenar uzunluğu verilen bir üçgenin verilmeyen üçüncü kenarının uzunluğunu bulmak için;

★ Verilen iki kenar uzunluğunu toplarız.

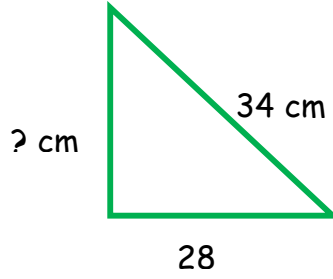
★ Çevre uzunluğundan bulduğumuz sayıyı çıkarırız.



$$\zeta = 40 \text{ cm}$$

$$13 + 8 = 21$$

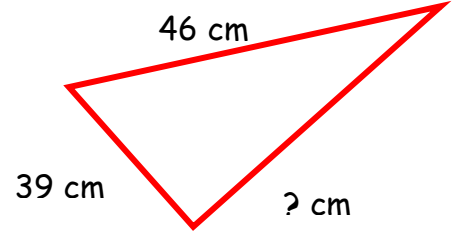
$$40 - 21 = 19$$



$$\zeta = 86 \text{ cm}$$

.....

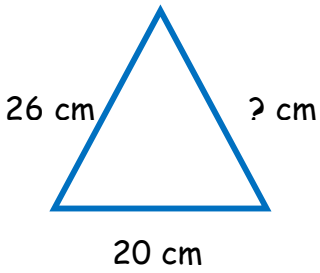
.....



$$\zeta = 150$$

.....

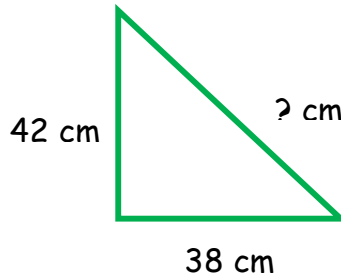
.....



$$\zeta = 83 \text{ cm}$$

.....

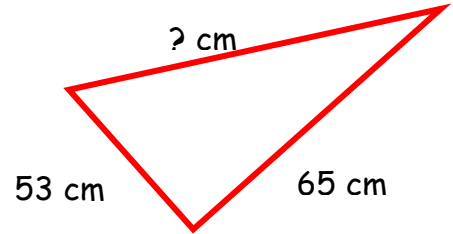
.....



$$\zeta = 114 \text{ cm}$$

.....

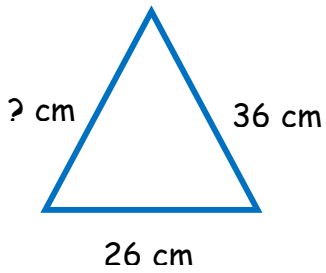
.....



$$\zeta = 200 \text{ cm}$$

.....

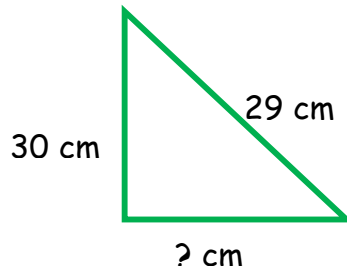
.....



$$\zeta = 90 \text{ cm}$$

.....

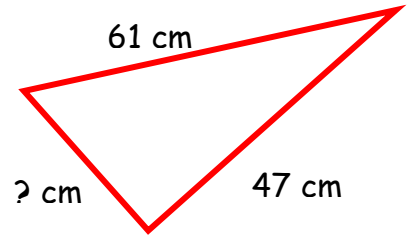
.....



$$\zeta = 83 \text{ cm}$$

.....

.....



$$\zeta = 155 \text{ cm}$$

.....

.....

